

## ELIMINATING VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AS AN IMPORTANT FACTOR IN ACHIEVING GENDER EQUALITY

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**ABSTRACT:** In the new Uzbekistan, great reforms are being carried out in the processes aimed at increasing human interest and value. Increasing the position of women in society, protecting their rights and opportunities as one of the priority values has become one of the important directions of state policy. In the new Uzbekistan, a new approach to the gender issue and a system for implementing new solutions have been established.

**KEYWORDS:** Eliminating violence against, achieving gender equality.

### INTRODUCTION

There is no doubt that the adoption of the strategy for achieving gender equality in Uzbekistan until 2030 at the 15th plenary session of the Senate of the Oliy Majlis will create conditions for the realization of equal rights and opportunities of men and women in the society, as well as the observance of fundamental human rights, and will serve to ensure gender equality in the society. This strategy covers issues such as ensuring equal and quality education for all, girls in rural areas getting higher education, achieving gender equality, preventing violence, and preventing human trafficking.[1]

Under the leadership of President Sh. Mirziyoyev, significant work is being done to ensure the rights and interests of women and gender equality in Uzbekistan. Therefore, special laws and decisions were adopted in Uzbekistan in this direction.

One such legal document is the Decision on Additional Measures for the Rehabilitation of Women Victims of Violence dated May 19, 2021[2] and the Law on Protection of Women from Harassment and Violence dated September 2, 2019[3].

Violence is the intentional physical, mental, sexual, or economic impact of one person on another. Domestic violence is the use of physical and mental violence, usually against one person, in order

to dominate and control other members of the family. According to statistics, women and children are the victims of domestic violence in most cases.

At the same time that large-scale work is being done in this direction in Uzbekistan, the analysis of work in this field shows that there are a number of shortcomings and obstacles in improving the moral and moral environment in families. In particular, the problem of domestic violence remains acute. Although domestic violence is today's problem, it is not today's news. Since ancient times, this disease has been known and widespread among citizens of different nationalities, regardless of their economic and social status and religious beliefs. Everyone agrees that gender equality in society cannot be achieved without eliminating domestic violence.

The UN General Assembly also clarified the concept of "violence against women" in its Declaration adopted in 1993, recognizing it as the result of the historically created inequality between husband and wife, emphasizing the idea that women now have the right to fully enjoy human rights and women's full enjoyment of human rights. expresses his belief that he will destroy the roots of violence in the family.[4]

According to the press service of the Human Rights representative (ombudsman) of the Oliy Majlis, cases of violence against women are increasing year by year.

According to the results of the survey, 42% of the women who participated in it endure violence because they are afraid of not being able to support themselves and their children, and 38% of them do not turn a blind eye to violence because they are afraid of being discussed by others. According to the information provided by the Prosecutor General's Office, cases of defamation in Uzbekistan increased by 27.7% last year.

73% of cases of harassment and violence against women are committed in their families," the report said.

5,209 of the persons who applied said that they were subjected to mental, 3,813 physical, 166 economic, 44 sexual violence, and 1,838 oppression and oppression.[5]

It can be seen that women of all ages noted the prevalence of domestic violence in the family. When the main causes of family violence were studied through research, it was revealed that the first family's economic difficulties, the second place is the husband's jealousy, inability to get along with the mother-in-law, the husband's alcohol consumption, and the husband's low level of education, etc.

21.1 percent of urban women admitted that family members or husbands drink alcohol and start quarrels. 36.4% of the women who lived in the city of Tashkent admitted this opinion.

23.5 percent of women with secondary education and 20.0 percent with higher education stated that they committed violence because of their husband's low education and culture. [6]

At the root of domestic violence (historically) lies the situation of inequality. Another reason for violence against women in the family is the gender traditions (stereotypes) existing in society. These situations lead to the occurrence of various forms of violence, and because of this, it is called "gender violence". is called

It will be possible to eliminate its various manifestations only if we understand the root cause of gender violence. Then we can achieve the main goal of eliminating the scourge of violence from women's lives.

The following conclusions can be drawn from the above points:

There are some outdated stereotypes and shortcomings that prevent the formation of women's legal culture. Such stereotypes create domestic violence.

Improving legal education in the population, trying to achieve gender equality provides an opportunity to peacefully resolve any conflicts, disagreements and problems that arise in the family. It is appropriate to educate children directly based on gender equality, without teaching them negative traditions that are harmful to family life.

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